

Rehab Quiz

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1. Dejerine Sottas disease is the other name for which type of HSMN
 - a. I
 - b. II
 - c. III
 - d. IV
2. CMT I is characterized by
 - a. Low NCV and diffuse demyelination
 - b. Normal NCV and segmental demyelination
 - c. Low NCV and segmental demyelination
 - d. Normal NCV and diffuse demyelination
3. Contralateral hemiplegia can be present in the CVA of all except
 - a. Middle cerebral artery—main stem
 - b. Middle cerebral artery—upper division
 - c. Middle cerebral artery—lower division
 - d. Anterior cerebral artery
4. Ischemic penumbra occurs when cerebral blood flow ranges in
 - a. 20–50 mL/100 g/minute
 - b. >50 mL/100 g/minute
 - c. 10–20 mL/100 g/minute
 - d. <10 mL/100 g/minute
5. Benedict syndrome is characterized by all except
 - a. Contralateral ataxia
 - b. Contralateral hemiplegia
 - c. Ipsilateral 3rd nerve palsy
 - d. Contralateral chorea
6. Swelling of the knee develops in all except
 - a. ACL rupture
 - b. Patellar dislocation
 - c. MCL sprain
 - d. Meniscal tear
7. Tenderness of ipsilateral pubic tubercle and numbness of distal medial thigh can be symptoms of
 - a. Stress fracture of the pubic ramus
 - b. Obturator neuropathy
 - c. Meralgia paresthetica
 - d. Neck of femur fracture
8. Quadrilateral space syndrome is characterized by compression of
 - a. Suprascapular nerve
 - b. Axillary nerve
 - c. Musculocutaneous nerve
 - d. Dorsal scapular nerve
9. Absolute contraindication to exercise in pregnancy all except
 - a. Restrictive lung disease
 - b. Incompetent cervix
 - c. IUGR
 - d. Membrane rupture
10. The most common cause of sudden cardiac death in young athletes is
 - a. Mitral valve prolapse
 - b. Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
 - c. Coronary artery disease
 - d. Acquired valve disease

Answers to MCQ of October to December 2019

1. b 2. a 3. a 4. d 5. c 6. a 7. a 8. b 9. b 10. d